Data Monitoring Committee
Charter for NCI-Sponsored Trials
Version 2: April 28, 2014

I. Purpose
To describe the procedures to be used by any Data Monitoring Committee (DMC) overseeing trials of the NRG Oncology (NRG) that are sponsored by the National Cancer Institute (NCI).

II. Scope
This Charter applies to the NRG Oncology DMC.

III. Procedures
As there are multiple trials of the NRG Oncology encompassing cancers of several disease sites, there can be more than one DMC. In general, individual DMCs are established to monitor multiple Phase II and Phase III clinical trials of one or two specific tumor types. However, separate DMCs can be established for single large trials or specific disease sites as deemed appropriate by the NRG Oncology Co-Group Chairs.

A. Responsibilities
1. The primary responsibilities of a DMC are to monitor the safety and welfare of trial participants, review safety analyses, review interim analyses of outcome data, and to recommend whether the study needs to be changed or terminated based on findings of safety, interim analyses or other pertinent observations. Committee members should familiarize themselves with the NRG Oncology research protocols under their purview and proposed plans for monitoring contained therein. The committee also determines whether and to whom safety or outcome results can be released prior to the protocol-specified time for reporting trial findings.

2. The DMC reviews trial status reports, reports of related studies and considers other information and recommendations supplied by members of the protocol team (Protocol Statistician, Protocol Chair, and an NRG Oncology Co-Group Chair) to determine if any of the trials being monitored need to be modified or terminated.

3. The DMC reviews and approves major modifications to trial protocols proposed by the protocol team prior to the implementation of the modification (e.g., study termination, dropping of a treatment arm, increasing sample size, etc.).

B. Membership
1. DMC members are nominated and appointed by majority vote of the NRG Oncology Co-Group Chairs or their designees. Prior to their appointment, all nominees are reviewed and approved by the NCI Associate Director of CTEP or DCP, as appropriate. Each member is appointed for a fixed term. The term lengths of individual DMC members should be established so the term of no more than three voting members will expire within any given year. Members with expiring terms can be reappointed.

2. The committee may include physicians, statisticians, consumer representatives and other professionals from within and outside the NRG Oncology. Members are selected based on their experience, reputation for objectivity and knowledge of good clinical trial methodology.

3. The number of the DMC members can vary depending on the nature of the trials being monitored and potential safety issues that may be involved. However, the total membership of
the DMC should not exceed ten individuals.

4. The committee will include one NCI physician from CTEP, one NCI Physician from DCP (if desired by DCP), one NCI statistician and the NRG Oncology Group Statistician who will all serve as non-voting members. One or two additional individual from within the NRG Oncology membership, who will have voting rights, can be appointed by agreement of the Group Co-Chairs. This individual should not be a member of any of the study teams being monitored or from the leadership of the disease committee for the studies being monitored. The committee should also include at least four other individuals as voting members who are external to the NCI and NRG Oncology. At least one of these external individuals must be a statistician and one must be a consumer representative.

5. The DMC Chair is appointed by majority vote of the NRG Oncology Co-Group Chairs from among the members of the DMC who have been appointed to the committee and who are external to the NCI and NRG Oncology.

C. Meetings
1. Regular DMC meetings are held at least twice a year on an approximate six-month cycle. If the need arises, additional special meetings can be held at the discretion of the DMC Chair, and may be recommended by the one of the NRG Oncology members. All trials being monitored by the DMC are reviewed at each regular meeting. Meetings may be held by conference call. However, face-to-face meetings must be held at least once in an eighteen-month cycle.

2. The meeting will consist of three parts. The first part is an open session at which, in addition to the voting and non-voting DMC members, the Protocol Statisticians and others involved in the implementation of the trials being monitored may be in attendance. In this session, the focus is on review and discussion of accrual, toxicity data, and data reporting completeness. Discussion is also held on any issues that may be raised by the committee members, the Protocol Statisticians or others involved in the implementation of the trials being monitored. No outcome results (tumor response, recurrence of any type, second primary cancer, survival, or quality of life information) or, if the trial involves blinded treatments study, no treatment arm-specific toxicity data may be presented in the open session (Note: For blinded studies, the only toxicity data shown in the open session is that which has been pooled across all treatment groups.). Following the open session, there will be a closed session. Attendance at the closed session is restricted by NCI guidelines to the Protocol Statisticians for the trials being monitored and all voting and non-voting members of the DMC. Information reviewed in the closed session includes: treatment arm-specific data from trials which involve blinded treatment assignment including toxicity and compliance; in addition, if the protocol-specified time for such analyses has been reached, the results of trial-specific interim analyses of safety or efficacy outcome. Following the closed session, there will be an executive session. Attendance at the executive session is restricted by NCI guidelines to only the voting and non-voting members of the DMC. During this session, the attending members of the DMC discuss the information they have reviewed and make a final decision regarding their recommendation for each trial being monitored. A quorum of the DMC is considered met at 50% of the voting members being present to vote and render the decision.

3. At least two weeks before each scheduled DMC meeting, all DMC members will be provided with open- and closed-session reports for each trial being monitored describing the current status of information for each trial. The open session reports will be prepared by the Protocol Statisticians in collaboration with the Protocol Chairs. The closed session report is prepared by the Protocol Statisticians. The specific contents of these reports are defined in NRG Oncology SOP: STAT-02.
D. Recommendations
1. DMC recommendations should be based upon results for the protocols being monitored as well as upon data available from other relevant studies and other general relevant information that may become available. The DMC provides recommendations to the NRG Oncology Co-Group Chair member of the Committee who then provides the recommendations to the other NRG Oncology Co-Group Chairs. The committee’s recommendations are documented in minutes of the meeting that include a brief summary of the general activities that occurred in the open and closed sessions, as well as, the specific recommendation that the DMC has for each protocol being monitored. At a minimum, the DMC should make a recommendation for each protocol regarding one of three possible scenarios: 1) to continue a trial as planned; 2) to modify the implementation of the study; or 3) to stop the trial earlier than planned. If a DMC recommendation includes modifying a trial due to safety concerns or if the recommendations include stopping of a trial earlier than planned, the DMC Chair should contact the NRG Oncology Co-Group Chair member of the committee immediately following the conclusion of the executive session of the DMC meeting and inform him/her of such recommendations in person.

2. In the event that a recommendation made by the DMC is one other than to continue the study as planned, the NRG Oncology Co-Group Chairs will act on the recommendation as expeditiously as possible. In the process of doing so, the NRG Oncology Co-Group Chairs may seek the advice, in a confidential manner, of the Protocol Chair, NRG Oncology Disease Committee Chair, and/or the NRG Oncology Co-Group Statisticians.

3. In the unlikely situation that the NRG Oncology Co-Group Chairs do not concur with the DMC recommendation, the NCI Associate Director for CTEP or DCP, as appropriate, must be informed of the recommendation of the DMC and of the NRG Oncology Co-Group Chairs’ reason(s) for disagreeing with the recommendation. The NCI Associate Director and the particular NRG Oncology Co-Group Chair who is the member of the DMC, in consultation with the DMC Chair, will be responsible for reaching a mutually acceptable decision about the study. Confidentiality will be maintained during these discussions, but relevant confidential trial data may be shared by the DMC Chair with the NRG Oncology Co-Group Chair and NCI Associate Director to the extent needed to convey justification for the DMC’s recommendation.

E. Confidentiality
1. A statement of confidentiality, as provided in Appendix A of this document, must be signed by all DMC members.

2. No communication of the deliberations or recommendations of the DMC, either written or oral, are to be made outside of the committee except as specified in this document. Outcome (efficacy) results and toxicity data from masked trials are confidential and must not be divulged to any non-member of the DMC (except to the NRG and NCI officials as described in Section D.3) until such time when the trial has been concluded and the trial results are made public.

3. There may be circumstances where it may be appropriate to release some aspect of confidential information from a trial before the time when a trial is concluded. The conditions for such release are described in Section F of this document.

F. Early Release of Trial Findings
Any planned release of outcome data external to the DMC [to NRG or NCI personnel not members of the committee, DMC’s of other organizations or to the public (e.g., presentation at meetings, journal publication, media interview, etc.)] prior to the completion of a trial must be approved by the DMC. In general, outcome data would not be routinely made available to individuals outside of the
DMC until accrual has ceased and all patients have concluded their randomized treatment. After this point, the DMC may approve the release of outcome data on a confidential basis to the study chairs for planning the preparation of manuscripts, and/or to a small group of individuals for purposes of planning future trials. The DMC will also consider, on a case-by-case basis, special requests for release of information prior to the time point when accrual and treatment of all patients has been completed. Examples of such circumstances would be requests for toxicity findings from the Chair of a DMC of another trial external to the NRG, or situations where it is important for the health community to be informed of the possible presence or non-presence of a possible toxicity.

G. Conflict of Interest
All individuals invited to serve on the DMC (voting and non-voting) will disclose to the NRG Oncology Co-Group Chair member of the committee any potential, real, or perceived conflicts of interest. These will include professional interest, proprietary interest, and miscellaneous interest considerations as described in the attached conflict of interest policy. A conflict of interest statement, as provided in Appendix B of this document, must be signed by all DMC members prior to their appointment as a DMC member. After appointment, DMC members should disclose to the NRG Oncology Co-Group Chair any potential conflicts which may develop during the course of serving on the DMC. The NRG Oncology Co-Group Chair, with the advice of the NRG Board of Directors, will review possible conflicts and determine whether there is sufficient basis to exclude the individual from serving on the DMC or sufficient to retire a DMC member who is already serving.

H. Intergroup Trials
These guidelines apply also to intergroup trials for which NRG is the coordinating group.

I. NCI Oversight
In order to satisfy its objectives of protecting patients, ensuring study integrity, and assuring public confidence in the conduct of clinical trials, it is essential that a DMC function in a manner that demonstrates competences, experience, and independence of NRG, career or financial interests. If the NCI determines that a DMC for the NRG is not functioning in this manner, it will discuss with the NRG Oncology Co-Group Chair what changes are needed to the composition or structure of the DMC.

IV. Reference
The data monitoring committee policy of the National Cancer Institute

V. Appendices
NRG Oncology Data Monitoring Committee Statement on Confidentiality
NRG Oncology Data Monitoring Committee Conflict of Interest Statement

VI. Regulations and Guidelines
NIH Policy for Data and Safety Monitoring
Further NIH Guidance on Data Safety Monitoring for Phase 1 and Phase 2 Trials
NRG ONCOLOGY DATA MONITORING COMMITTEE
CONFLICT OF INTEREST STATEMENT

The NRG Oncology conducts clinical studies designed to ensure the highest scientific integrity free from outside influence or personal bias. Efforts have been taken to design trials in a way that minimizes the potential for individual biases to affect the investigative process. The role of Data Monitoring Committee (DMC) is an important part of that effort. The purpose of this document is to ensure that there are no sources of bias due to any interest of the DMC members outside of the trial. DMC members and their spouse, parents(s), sibling(s), dependent child(ren) or other dependent(s) must have no financial ties to any commercial concern that might benefit from the results of the trial. Any relationship with any commercial concern that might benefit from the results of trials should be avoided and any relationship should be subjected to the following question: “Would you be willing to have the relationship generally known?” This guideline has been proposed by the American College of Physicians and the Royal College of Physicians. If there is any ambiguity or ambivalence regarding the answer to this question, then the situation should be communicated to the NRG Oncology Group Chair who will bring the issue to the NRG Oncology Board of Directors for review and determination on the handling of the issue. Some activities are not restricted. These include educational activities and investment in mutual funds, blind trusts, or other holdings over which the committee member has no control.

The importance of the NRG Oncology trials requires the utmost confidence from the medical community so that their results will not be compromised in any way. The intention, therefore, is to maintain clearly-stated standards which can withstand the most careful scrutiny by outside reviewers and practitioners.

Statement of the DMC MEMBER: I, the undersigned member of the Data Monitoring Committee of the NRG Oncology, have reviewed the above statements.
I do _____ do not _____ have a conflict of interest, either real or perceived, as defined in this statement.

Please Print Name ____________________________ Please Sign Name ____________________________

____________________ Date ____________________________

Please detail any potential, real, or perceived conflict of interest on a separate sheet. The NRG Oncology Group Chairs, with the advice of an Ad Hoc Committee, will review any possible conflicts of interest and determine whether there is a sufficient basis to exclude the individual from serving on the DMC. Potential conflicts which develop during the conduct of the trial should be disclosed to the NRG Oncology Group Chairs. An annual conflict of interest statement will be obtained from all DMC members.
The NRG Oncology conducts clinical studies carefully designed and managed to eliminate any biases that might jeopardize the objective comparison of treatments. The purpose of this document is to ensure that DMC members understand and accept their obligation to maintain complete confidentiality with respect to all information, or the deliberations of the committee, with individuals who are not members of the DMC. Such confidentiality is essential to protect NRG Oncology clinical studies from the introduction of biases that could threaten their scientific integrity, and compromise the ability of the medical community to unambiguously interpret the results of these studies.

Statement of the DMC MEMBER: I, the undersigned member of the Data Monitoring Committee of the NRG Oncology, have reviewed the above statement. I understand and accept my responsibility to refrain from discussing or divulging the deliberations of the Committee, or information provided to the Committee, to any individuals who are not members of the DMC.

___________________________________ 
Please Print Name

___________________________________ 
Please Sign Name

___________________________________
Date